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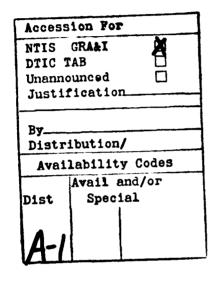
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SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE

## SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE

ITEM #19, ABSTRACT, CONTINUED: instances of the so-called P-function. These functions, originally due to Riemann, have been extensively studied by the Japanese mathematician Fukuhara (also spelled Hukuhara). For the past year, Watanabe has implemented a package that transforms a large class of equations into P-functions. He has used Kame's table as a test bed.





## PROGRESS REPORT 1982/83

Professor Shunro Watanabe of Japan has been visiting our group since March, 1982. In the past year he has been able, with the support of our group, to develop a major new program for solving in closed form a wide variety of ordinary differential equations.

The MACSYMA system uses two large packages for solving ODEs. The first package was written by Jeffrey Golden of our group. It solves equations by using a few well known techniques (e.g., separation of variables). It is quite weak in dealing with second order equations, such as hypergeometric functions. The second package, due to Ed Lafferty of the MITRE Corporation, incorporates many more techniques, but is still not a very general solver of ODEs.

Professor Watanabe's approach is to convert most second order ODEs into instances of the so-called P-function. These functions, originally due to Riemann, have been extensively studied by the Japanese mathematician Fukuhara (also spelled Hukuhara). For the past year, Watanabe has implemented a package that transforms a large class of equations into P-functions. He has used Kamke's table as a test bed. Several examples from Kamke using this package, are given in Appendix I.

(D2)

[DSK, SWATAN]

(C3) showtime:true\$ Time= 5 msec.

(C4) loadfile(pmain,fasl);

PMAIN FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done Time= 411 msec.

Kamke example 378a

(D4)

DONE

(C5) batch(examp1,2);

(C6)  $k378a:x*(x-1)*(x+1)^2*'diff(y,x,2)+2*x*(x+1)*(x-3)*'diff(y,x)-2*(x-1)*y=0;$ Time = 57 msec.

(D6) 
$$(X - 1) \times (X + 1) \xrightarrow{2} + 2 (X - 3) \times (X + 1) \xrightarrow{--} - 2 (X - 1) Y = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ dX \\ dX \end{array}$$

(C7) lode2(k378a);

dU

2 --

2

SOLVE FASL DSK MACSYM being loaded Loading done

PREMAP FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done

2 X - 12 dX

PEQP1 FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done

PHYPGM FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done

ATP POLICE OFFICE SE

DONE

(C3) showtime:true\$
Time= 4 msec.

(C4) batch(examp1,7);

(C5) K344:X^4\*'DIFF(Y,X,2)+(EXP(2/X)-V^2)\*Y=0; Time= 65 msec.

(C6) loadfile(pmain,fasl);

PMAIN FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done Time= 413 msec. (D6)

PIVTR FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done

PTRINV FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done

PIVTR2 FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done

PTREXP FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done

PDVTR FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded

PNOPM FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done

continue? type y or n
y;

SIN FASL DSK MACSYM being loaded Loading done

SININT FASL DSK MACSYM being loaded Loading done

SCHATC FASL DSK MACSYM being loaded Loading done Time= 21253 msec.

(D7) -2 K2 X LOG(X) + K2 X + K1 X - K2

Time= 23672 msec. (D8)

BATCH DONE

(C9) closefile(buffer, save);

```
Loading done
```

SOLVE FASL DSK MACSYM being loaded Loading done

U
we use Y = X

we use T = %E

PCONFL FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done the equation is confluent type

PCNEQO FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done the solution may be representable by Fukuhara's P-function.

PCFPTM FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done y= Y (X)

B, ABS(V)

proceeds and the contract of t

Time= 15604 msec. (D7)

Y (X)
B. ABS(V)

(C3) showtime:true\$ Time= 5 msec.

(C4) batch(exampl, 12);

Kamke example 406

(C5)  $k406:16*(X^3-1)^2*'DIFF(Y,X,2)+27*X*Y=0;$ 

Time= 41 msec.

(C6)  $k406t:48*x^2*(x-1)^2*'diff(y,x,2)+32*x*(x-1)^2*'diff(y,x)+9*x*y=0;$ Time = 50 msec.

(C7) loadfile(pmain, fasl);

PMAIN FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done

Time= 426 msec.

(D7)

DONE

(C8) lode2(k406t);

SOLVE FASL DSK MACSYM being loaded Loading done

PHYPGM FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded

Loading done

NAME AND ASSOCIATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

the type is hypergeometric

the solution may be written by Riemann's P-functions as follows

PHGHP FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done

```
Loading done
we solve
                0 1 INF
y = (X - 1) P \bar{[} 3 2
PALG4 FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded
Loading done
POHAS2 FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded
Loading done
      1/4
  K1 T (2 SQRT(T + T + 1) + SQRT(3) (T + 1)) (X - 1)
                          3 1/12
                         (T - 1)
      1/4
  K2 T (SQRT(3) (T + 1) - 2 SQRT(T + T + 1)) (X - 1)
                               1/12
                         (T - 1)
where t=x^{(1/3)}
Time= 13449 msec.
    K1 T (2 SQRT(T + T + 1) + SQRT(3) (T + 1)) (X - 1)
                           (T - 1)
                   1/4
                K2 T (SQRT(3) (T + 1) - 2 SQRT(T + T + 1)) (X - 1)
                                             1/12
                                       (T - 1)
Time = 15278 msec.
(D9)
                               BATCH DONE
(C10) closefile(buffer, save);
```

PALGS FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded

DONE

(C3) showtime:true\$ Time= 5 msec.

Kamke example 180

(C4) batch(examp1,13);

(C6) loadfile(pmain,fasl);

PMAIN FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done Time= 413 msec. (D6)

(C7) lode2(k180);

SOLVE FASL DSK MACSYM being loaded Loading done

PCONFL FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done the equation is confluent type

PCNEQO FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded Loading done

the solution may be representable by Fukuhara's P-function.

PCFPTM FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded

```
Loading done
   B. ABS(V)
       X
                              B. ABS(V)
the solution of the homog. eq. is ------
PNONH FASL DSK SWATAN being loaded
Loading done
a special sol. for the nonhom. eq. is
\tilde{\mathbf{I}} (%PI F(T) \mathbf{J} (T) Y (X) - %PI F(T) Y (T) \mathbf{J} (X)) dT
           ABS(V) ABS(V)
                                 ABS(V) ABS(V)
                             2 X
continue? type y or n
n;
Time= 9943 msec.
    \tilde{I} (%PIF(T) J (T) Y (X) - %PIF(T) Y (T) J (X)) dT
                                            ABS(V) ABS(V)
                ABS(V) ABS(V)
(D7) -----
                                  2 X
                                                             (X)
                                                         B, ABS(V)
Time= 12131 msec.
                            BATCH DONE
(D8)
```

(C9) closefile(buffer, save);

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